PRICE TWO CENTS

WASHINGTON, TUESDAY EVENING, MAY 7, 1889.

SOME APPOINTMENTS.

GOING AT THE OFFICES WITH RE NEWED VIGOR.

The Cabinet Meeting To-day Well Attended-No District Commissioner Yet. The Events of the Day at the

The following appointments were aunounced to-day by the President:
Arthur L. Thomas of Sait Lake City,
Utah, to be Governor of Utah.
Elijah Sells of Sait Lake City, Utah, to
be Secretary of Utah.
Elisworth Daggett of Utah Territory, to
be Surveyor-General of Utah.
Perry J. Anson of Idaho, to be Register
of the Land Office at Blackfoot, Idaho,
William H. Danilson of Idaho, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Blackfoot,
Idaho,
Michael A. Leaby of Wisconsin, to be

William H. Danilson of Idaho, to be Receiver of Public Moneys at Blackfoot, Idaho.

Michael A. Leshy of Wisconsin, to be agent for the Indians of the La Pointe Agency in Wisconsin.

Joseph F. Bennett of New Mexico to be agent for the Indians of the Mescalero Agency in New Mexico.

2 James N. Beacon of Kansas to be Referee and Chairman of the referees under the act the right of way through the Indian Territory to the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska Railway, for the purpose of appraising the compensation to be made by said Railway Company to the Cherokee nation."

The first straw hat of the season made its appearance at the White House to-day, being the leadgear of Hon. Joseph G. Cannon of Illinois. It was surmised, but possibly they were envious applicants for office, that there was method in Mr. Cannon's madness, and he had donned his straw hat with a view to impressing the fact upon the President that warm weather is at hand and yet certain citizens of the Sucker State are still out in the cold. A gentleman whose card bore the inscription James D. Hardy, Calera, Ala., calmed the President's fears by announcing in one corner of his pasteboard that he was armed with a letter from Chauncey M. Depew. This was sufficient to gain him an audience before Cabinet meeting, and he departed well pleased with his foresight regarding the famous post-prandial orator.

There was considerable speculation to day as to the condition of the Cabinet officers, but with the exception of Secretary Proctor, who has gone West on a tour of inspection, all were present in good health and spirits. Secretary Windom walked over from the Treasury Department, and in reply to an inquiry by the representative of Tire. Carric stated that he had improved considerably in the last two days, and could not resist the temptation to get out of doors again. Secretary Blaine sprang out of the State Dopartment carriage and hurried into the With House in his nexal impetuous manner, but he could not refrain from greeting a knot of curious spectators who barred

parred his way into the Mansion temporarily.

Among those who talked with the President to-day were Senators Hawley and Flumb; ex-Senator Chandler, Representatives Thympson, Cheatham, Richardson J. D. Taylor, Butterworth, O'Neill, Alley and Dorsey; Professor Gallaudet with Rev Thomas Gallaudet, rector of Church fo Deaf-Mutes, New York City: Colone Leighton, St. Louis; Health Officer Townshead, B.W. Goldberg, Chicago: Thomas R. Sireets, J. B. Mulky, Bloomington, Ind.; Judge H. F. Simrall, Mississippi: Andrew Thompson and L. M. Dyer, Kentucky, Correspondent W. E. Curtis, accompanied by Mr. Smith, a resident of Carthegens, United States of Colombia, and a brother of Hubbard F. Smith, the well-known composer of this city, called to see the President, but it was near Cabinet time, and they concluded to postpone their visit to a more appropriate time.

RAILROAD METHODS.

Passenger Agents in Convention Be-fore the Interstate Commission. fore the Interstate Commission.

Half a hundred passenger agents, representing twenty-one big railroad corporations, met at the rooms of the Interstate Commerce Commission this morning and talked about what commissions they pay on the sale of railroad tickets and how the business is conducted. All of the Commissioners were present with the exception of Judge Schoommaker, who is confined to his room by filness. Among the speakers who explained how the business is conducted by the railroads were Messrs. J. E. Hartigan cxpiamed how the business is conducted by the railroads were Messrs, J. E. Hartigan of the Burlington, Chicago and Northern, E. P. Ripley of the Chicago, Burlington, and Kansas, George W. Alford, E. P. Wilson, John Sabastan, F. B. Clark, Joseph Barber, W. E. Davis, F. C. Donald, B. F. Horner, E. A. Ferd, O. W. Ruggles, Henry Russell, W. H. McDeal, D. Edwards and General John McUltra. At 19 o'clock the meeting adjourned until 2:30, when the subject was again taken up.

Too Secure by Half. About a month ago the time lock on the outer door of one of the large vaults in the Treasury building was taken apart and cleaned, and on being replaced became disarranged so that when the door was closed it was found impossible to open it. The vault contained nearly \$50,000,000 in gold and silver coin. The money was not needed in the current business of the Department, so that there was no particular hurry in opening the vault. Several attempts, however, were made to open the door, and all kinds of experiments were tried, but to no purpose. As a final resort, two vault experts in Philadelphia were sent for and put to work on the lock. They worked for several hours Saturday and finally succeeded in releasing the bolt and opening the door. It turned out that the lock had sustained no permanent injury, and that the accident was due to the failure to observe certain precautious in closing the door.

California '49ers. The annual reunion of the Society of California Pioneers of the National Capital will take place on Saturday, the 25th inst. The steamer Coreoran will take the Pioneers and their friends down to Marshall Hall, where a plank-shall dinner, with a generous supply of appropriate accompaniments, will be served.

All nerous who have at any time resided.

paniments, will be served.

All persons who have at any time resided in the Golden State, and their friends, are invited to join the joily 'deers in their reunion and enjoy a festive day of reminiscences and ancient fellowship.

An Odd Crank.

Yesterday evening Officer Kimmel took a novel species of crank into custody. On ordinary subjects he is as same as anybody, but he proposes to revolutionize naval warfare. He thinks he is going to be Secretary of the Navy, and says that he possesses a divine power which would enable him to sink a navy by a wave of his hand. He thinks that people are trying to take this power from him, and he proposes to appeal to the Chief Justice for protection. He was locked up in the Sixth Precinct Station-House.

An Orphan Asylum Afire,

An Orphan Asylum Afire.

Vincient Orphan Asylum, three miles east of this city, burned yesterday, entailing a loss of \$50,000. The fire obtained a good start before it was discovered and was soon beyond control. St. Vincent's was a Catholic institution, and under the direction of the Catholic Church of the Vincennes discess. About 150 orphans were chicated here. The fire caught from a defective flue. All the children escapad. Sister Bridget was severely burned and had a remarkable escape from death. The institution will be rebuilt at once.

flad Place to Have a Bottle About 12 o'clock to day a champagn-bottle fell from the window of the room is the Hotel Arno occupied by Mr. George H. Lawrence, the clerk, and struck a man who was passing by on the shoulder, inflicting quite a painful injury.

No Doubt of It.

Charles A. Barker, the man who has been imagining himself the holder of various official positions, was found to be insane to-day by a marshal's jury in the City Hell.

BURNED IN THEIR BEDS.

Five People Cremated Before They Could be Rescued.

New Your, May 7.—The old Bowne mansion in Weschester was burned to the ground early this morning. There were eight people asieep in the structure at the time, Mr. Watson Howne, his wife, three children, two servant girls, slaters, named Dunn, and Mr. Bowne's aged mother, Mrs. Thomas Bowne. The latter, the Dunn girls and two of the children were burned to death. Mr. Bowne saved the other child and his wife, but was severely burned in doing so. Mr. Bowne was awakened by the ringing of the fire bells to find his house in flames. He tried to arouse, the other inmates, but the flames had made such progress that he could only rush to the room where his wife and her infant child were asleep. Snatching them up in his arms, he made his way through the sheets of flame which beset his path to the ground. Bowne was badly burned around the limbs. His wife and child were well wrapped up in blankets, and escaped with slight injuries. The firemen by this time were at the scene, but were powerless to render any all. The whole structure was wrapped in flames. Every one knew that several people were being burned to death. Mr. Bowne, frantie with grief and pain, was taken to a neighbor's house and cared for. His wife, who had fainted, was also cared for by the neighbor's house and cared for. His wife, who had fainted, was also cared for by the neighbors, together with her child. For three hours the fire burned fiercely—in fact, until it had burned itself out. Then a scarch for the bodies began. The bodies of the two servants were first discovered, both frightfully burned. The others have not yet been found.

LATE DEPARTMENT NEWS.

Preparing for a Cruise.

The following officers have been detached from the Nayal Academy and ordered to the practice ship Constellation: Commander P. F. Harrington to command the ship with Lieutenant-Commander W. T. Swinburne as executive officer, Lieutenants A. McCrackin, William F. Low, M. B. Howard, John M. Orchard, Templin M. Potts, and Eosigns Harry Phelps and Edward E. Capchart. The Constellation sails from the Naval Academy about the 10th of June, taking aboard the first, third and fourth classes of cadets from the Naval Academy at Annapolis, for a summer's cruise along the North Atlantic coast. The trip is one of practice and hard study for the boys, varied by an occasional holiday at Newport or Bostons.

A Timber Decision. A Timber Decision.

Secretary Noble to-day rendered an important decision giving a construction of the timber culture law, in which he reverses the policy of the Department that has prevalled for the past few years and defines the policy which will govern on this question in the future. The question came up on the claim of James hair, who brought a relinquishment of a timber culture claim. Heretofore the Interior Department has held that one or two trees on a claim constitutes timber in sufficient quantities to preclude an entry as under the timber culture act. Secretary Noble reverses this rule.

Interior Department Changes. Interior Department Changes.

The following changes have been made in the Department of the Interior:

Office of the Secretary—Appointment:
George D. Sidman of Michigan, clerk, \$1,400, by transfer from Pension Office.
Pension Office—Promotions: Theodore Smith of New York, special examiner, \$1,400, to clerk, \$1,600; Thomas J. Shannon of New York, clerk, \$1,000 to \$1,400.
General Land Office—Resignation: Thomas R. Benton of District of Columbia, clerk, \$1,500.

To Keep an Eye on the Changes.

The Treasury Department has issued a circular to Collectors of Customs requesting them to furnish at the earliest practicable moment, a statement showing the station of each and every officer and employee in the Customs service in their districts, and hereafter, each collector will be required to transmit to the Department on the first of each month, a statement of all changes that have occurred in his force during the preceding month.

At the Great Exposition.

during the preceding month.

At the Great Exposition.

The Department of State has been informed by our Minister at Paris, under date of the 34th ultimo, that the French Government, in reply to a request made by him under instruction from the Department, has cheerfully granted permission for thirty marines sent out for that purpose to guard the American section of the Exhibition, and that they had been transfer and for and that they had been properly cared for and guarded at the Military School op-posite the Exhibition grounds.

The Mexican Bailroad Commenced, Secretary Blaine is in receipt of a further dispatch from the United States Minister to Mexico, dated April 33, in which he states that the work of construction on the Sonora, Sinaloa and Chihushua Railway was inaugurated on the 16th of that month in the presence of many prominent persons. The point selected for the commencement of the work is about six miles from Guayanes, on the Sonora Rail. miles from Guaymes, on the Sonora Rail-road, near Batamatal Station.

To Inspect Schools. Major Joseph P. Sanger, Inspector-General, has been ordered to make inspec-tions of military schools in Iowa, Indiana and Minnesota.

The Comptroller of the Currency has authorized the National Exchange Bank of Bounoke, Va., to begin business with a capital of \$100,000.

tofore granted Captain George F. Barstow, Third Artillery, has been extended six months on surgeon's certificate of disa-bility. The extension of leave of absence her

Lieutenant Charles G. Ayres, Tenth Cavalry, has been ordered to Washington to duty under Colonel Biddle as recorder of the Board of Examiners of State War Claims in the office of the Secretary of War.

The Ossipee, at Key West, has been tele-graphed to proceed to Hampton Roads. The Adams, at Mare Island, Cal., will proceed to Honolulu when ready for sea.

THE COURTS.

Cincuit Court, Div. 2—Justice Mont gomery—Hill vs. D. C.; verdict for plain-tiff \$600. Campbell, P. P. Manufacturing Co. vs. Henkle; motion for new trial over-ruled. Lloyd vs. Gray; verdict for defend-ant. Mackey vs. B. & P. R. R. Co.

ant. Mackey vs. B. & P. R. R. Co.

EQUITY COURT—Justice COX.—Beale vs.
Vance: sale ratified nisi. Dunne vs. Shannon; time to defendant Shannon to answer
extended thirty days. Johnson vs. Johnson: John C. Febriger appointed guardian
ad litem. Thorn vs. Thorn; time to take
testimony limited to thirty days. D'Arnaud vs. Starring; restraining order discharged and security for costs required.

Real Estate Transfers.

Hearl Estate Transfers.
Henry W. Baker to William Mayse, lots A
o E. square 1112, 81,864,80.
William Mayse to Edgar J. Perry, sublot
S. square 722, 51,440.
Annie D. Dubant to William E. Dubant,
ublot E. square 514, 816.
James Lowndes to W. S. Harban, sublots
7, 8, 34 and 35, Kalorama Heights,
is,616,32.

88,616.32. James K. Depue to Abraham Depue, part sublots 84 and 85, square 541. George C. Bloomer to Josiah B. Bromwell, sublot 55, square 163, 813,000. William M. Hodges to John J. Hogan, part sublot 5, square 292, 8150.

Marriage Licenses. Thomas McB. Nichols, Nyack, N. Y., and Louisa Lansing Smith; James T. Sweet-man, ir., Troy, N. Y., and Susie P. Boyd: Thomas Mc. B. Nichols, Nyack, N. Y., and Louisa Lausing Smith: T. Sweetman, jr., Troy, N. Y., and Susie P. Boyd.

A Broken Ankle. At about 9:45 o'clock this morning Edward H. Wobb, white, a carpenter, aged 38 years, fell from a scaffold at 2ESI Cleveland avenue, where he was working, and sustained a compound fracture at the ankle. He was taken to Cardeld Hospital.

JOHNS HOPKINS' GIFT.

OPENING OF THE GREAT HOSPITAL IN BALTIMORE.

An Event That Marks an Epoch in Baltimore's History...The People There-A Noble Institution Fitly

There—A Noble Institution Fitty Opened.

Baltimore, May 7.—The Johns Hopkins Hospital, at Monument street and Broadway, was formally opened this morning. It is one of the finest and most complete institutions in the world, embracing seventeen buildings, which cover four acres of ground, and surrounded by ten acres nore of beautiful grounds, which will afford healthful exercise to the patients. Its construction was begun more than ten years ago, and the total cost was \$2,050,000. To the munificence of one man Baltimore owes this great institution—the late Johns Hopkins. It was he who also founded and provided for the Johns Hopkins University, Over 1,200 invitations to attend to-day's ceremonics were sent to persons in various parts of the United States, exclusive of those issued to Baltimoreans. No one was admitted without a card of invitation. Among the hundreds present to-day were the principal State and city officials, Drs. Fordyce Barker, H. M. Biggs, C. S. Bull. W. F. Dawson, T. A. Emmet, Frederick Hoffman, F. Lange, C. C. Lee, S. J. Meltzer, Charles H. Nichols, T. E. Satterthwaite, L. H. Sayne, L. A. Stimson and R. F. Weir, New York; C. N. Hoagland and G. T. Kemp, Brooklyn; Henry Beates, Jr., Robert Bolling, E. N. Brush, R. A. Cleemann, R. G. Curtin, F. X. Dercum, J. Derrach, D. M. Easter, M. H. Fussell, William Goodell, I. M. Hays, H. A. Hare, F. P. Henry, R. H. Harte, J. C. Hall, Orville Horwitz, P. Horwitz, J. H. Hutchinson, J. Longstreth, Benjamin Lee, J. E. Mears, J. H. Musser, Clara Marshall, A. W. MacCoy, C. B. Nancrede, T. J. Owen, J. H. Packard, Wharton Sinkler, William Thomson, James Tyson, J. M. Taylor, G. M. Wells and J. C. Wilson, Philadelphis; H. W. Williams and C. F. Folsom, Boston: Morrill Wyman and H. P. Walcott, Cambridge, Mass.: D. C. MacCalum and William Graviner of Montreal; Charles O'Reilly of Toronto; C. A. Peabody of Worcester, Mass.; Francis Bacon of New Haven, M. Storrs of Hartford, Com.; G. P. Coon of Concord, N. H.; A. Vander Veer of Albany, N. Y.; R. B. Bontecon of Toy, N. Y.;

Vanier Veer of Albany, N. Y.; R. B. Bortecon of Troy, N. Y.; Joseph Ransold and P. S. Connor of Cheinnair, T. A. McGraw of Bertonit, G. J. Engelman of S. A. Kalindeh and F. P. Porcher of South Carolinai Surgeon-General Browne, United States Anny; A. Most, L. S. S. C. Busey, R. T. Edes, Robert Ffetcher, United States Anny; A. A. Hoelling, United States Anny; A. A. Hoelling, United States Anny; A. A. Hoelling, United States Anny; A. McGraw of Designation of the States Anny; A. Magruder, C. R. A. Hoelling, United States Anny; A. McGraw of Congress Itself review the saw much in love with the seductive earand as even the state of the search of the seductive orange of the search of the search of the seductive orange of the search of the sea

Baltimore, received his training. After the addresses had been delivered President Gliman of the University announced that the \$100,000 suggested some time ago as being necessary to relieve the university during the suspension of dividends by the Baltimore and Obto Railroad Company had been subscribed, and that Eugene Levering had contributed \$20,000 for the crection of a much-needed building; also, that Lawrence Turnbull had provided \$20,000 for an electorship of poetry.

The Secretary of the Treasury Better. The Secretary of the Treasury Hetter.
Secretary Windom is better to-day, but was not well enough to leave his house. His condition has been much more serious than was supposed. Ho had a severe attack of cholera merbus on Thursday night, which did not fully succumb to medical treatment until Saturday night. He was much prostrated yesterday, but leels much stronger to-day, so much so that he was able to leave his bed and dictate severa leiters to his private secretary, who spent leiters to his private secretary, who spent several hours with him.

Secretary Windom appeared at the Treas-ury Department to-day for the first time since his indisposition.

The Commissioners to-day gave Mrs. Charlotte Smith a check for \$100, to be used for the benefit of the poor women in Washington. Several days ago she wrote a lengthy letter to them, protesting against the apportionment of one-half of the surplus of the Inaugural Fund to the Fireman's Relief. She represented that the fund for the poor was entirely exhausted, and gave the names of a number of indigent females who were in need of assistance.

An Oil Well's Increased Flow. An Oil Well's Increased Flow.
WASHINGTON, PA., May 7.—The C. D.
Robbins oil well on the Johnston lot, just
east of this place, has increased in production, and is now doing about seventyfive barrels per hour. The territory in that
vicinity was thought to have been exhausted, as dry wells had been drilled in
that vicinity. A number of new rigs are
being put up, and the land is being rapidly
leased by speculators. Considerable excitement prevails.

Mr. Hazleton's Candidacy. Mr. Hazleton's Candidacy.

The statement which has been circulated that George C. Hazleton is incligible to the office of District Commissioner because he is a resident of Wisconsin is denied. It was charged that his candidacy was a fraud, and that he had been connected with certain lobbying schemes in Congress. Mr. Hazleton says that although he was in Wisconsin during election times he did not attempt to vote, because he was a resident of Washington.

Burial Permits Issued.

Burial permits have been issued by the Health Officer for the past twenty-four hours as follows: Mary E. Bursley, 42 years; Nelson Boyd, 78 years; Mary E. Quirk, 50 years; Santuel J. Shanks, 39 years; Mury R. Walstaum, 14 years; Ada Devono, 6 months, white, and James Waters, 37 years; Sophia McChesney, 18 years; Sanuel Dodsom, 60 years; Simon Phonix, 40 years; Eliza Bodgers, 5 years, colored.

The suit of Franklin H. Mackey, administrator, against the Baltimore and Potomac Rallroad Company, claiming \$10,000 damages for the death of Robert A. Brown, was placed on trial before the jury in Judge Montgomery's Court to-day.

Damages Wanted.

Thomas Wood has sued the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company for \$30,000 damages. He states that white employed by the company as a brakeman on September 17, 1888, he was badly injured by a collision near Culpeper, Vs.

WHAT PEOPLE SAY.

Judge Advecate Davis: "In Washington there is no uniform scale of prices for rented houses, and people who come here and look for a house to rent or lease find the greatest variation in prices. I was out house-hunting a few days ago, and wont into a quiet West End street where an officer friend of mine occupies a big, spacious house, for which he pays 805 a month. A few doors below him was an ordinary, un attractive, stereotyped-style of modern 80,000 house, for which the owner wanted \$75 a month. Just across the street was a little gen of a house, hardwood finished, etc., and it was only \$60. Now there were three houses with the rentals all out of proportion to each other. It appears to me that these people build houses, set their prices on the rent according to their own desires and in proportion to take them at their figures."

Major, Cloux: "I am not repining in the

figures."

Major Clous: "I am not repining in the least. After twenty-seven years of service in the army, nearly all of it spent West of the Mississippi, and sixteen years in Texas, I feel that I can be very comfortable for a few years in Washington. The climate here agrees with me and I will have a chance to recover from some debilitating Texan climatic effects."

J. E. Jones, the Reservices' Pitcher: "The feet of thine:

Texan climatic effects."

J. E. Jones, the Reporters' Pitcher; "The Columbia Athletic Club is going to put one of the best amateur baseball feams in the field this season that Washington has ever seen. There is a great couriest going on between the Reds and the Blues, and the consequence of it all will be that a good club will be selected. The grounds on Analostan Island have recently been placed in excellent condition; the infield has been scraped and it is now one of the best diamonds in the country."

Fronk Mulleull, District Building Police-

diamonds in the country."

Frank Malhail, District Building Policeman: "Cranks? Well, I should say so!

Why the building swarms with them sometimes, and it's a great place to study character of all kinds. I tell you no one can see the trials and tribulations of a Commis-

see the trials and tribulations of a Commissioner so well as a man who has to watch every one who comes in the building."

J. Fenner Lee: "The most beautiful city in the Union! I do not know any capital city in the world that is so beautiful as Washington. The place is more like some of the European pleasure resorts, where especial care is given to park and lawn. The foreign diplomats who come here are liberal in their praise of Washington, and patriotic prejudice is forgotten in their lavish praise for America's Capital?"

F. M. Buckinsham, Camby Manufacturer.

Z. M. Knapp, with Shoster & Co., Dry Goods: "I'm thred. Been on my feet all day. Business is rushing. Warm weather, I suppose, does it. Store full of ladles buying summer goods. Until now, how-ever, there has been very little doing."

Mr. William B. Gurley of the firm of Gurley & Brother: "It is far cheaper and more expedient to insure and pay the policy than to allow the thought of not being insured to continually wear and tear on your mind."

A Spring Cyclone in Fargo.

Fango, Dak., May 7.—Buildings were unroofed, telephone and electric wires prostrated, and other damage done in this city yesterday by a cyclone which passed over Fargo. The storm moved from south to north, and was preceded by a blinding sand storm. The usual roarring sound accompanied it. The street in front of the Silverson, block is filled with debris from the cross of the street in the st

End of a Railroad Sair.

Concoke, N. H., May 7.—In the suit of the Roston, Concord and Montreal Railroad vs. the Boston and Maine Railroad, brought by the directors of the former to recover possession of their line, leased to the Boston and Maine by the Boston and Lowell Railroad, the following order was reached by the Supreme Court and entered upon the records this morning: "Judgment for plaintiffs; writ of possession in thirty days unless otherwise ordered."

Paris' Great Exposition Opened, The great Paris Exposition was opened by President Carnot and his Cabinet at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The scene was very impressive and picturesque. The Parisian populace abandoned itself to galety, and merry-making proceeded every-where. There was free music, and dancing took place in the streets and parks.

Urging Our Rights. Brillian, May 7.—The Fossische Zeitung states that the American-Samoan Commis-sioners urge the neutrality of the Powers in the government of the Somoan Islands and the right for the United States to establish a coalling station at Pago-Pago.

The Danger Past ASHLAND, Wis., May 7.—Forest fires, which have been raging furiously for twenty-four hours previous to last night, are said to have nearly all died out. No

The Charleston's Trial.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—The United
States cruiser Charleston started on her
trial trip to-day under the command of
Captain Charles Goodall, jr., of the Pacific
Coast Steamship Company. The Walking Score New York, May 7.—Walking match, 2 p. m. score: Hegelman, 168; Cart-wright, 174; Conner, 161; Herty, 170; Day, 153; Smith, 163; Golden, 150; Burnes, 152; Gleck, 155; Hughes, 154; Adams, 142; Elson, 190.

Buffalo Storm Swept. BUFFALO, DAS., May 7. - The destructive storm ever experienced in thi section passed yesterday. It commenced about 7 o'clock, and at 2 p. m. It assumed the form of a hurricane.

For Burglary. George Parker and Columbus Sewell were placed on trial in the Criminal Court to-day on the charge of laving broken into the house of Senator Dawes, 1414 K street, February 31.

A POETIGAL SENATOR.

His Verses to Mrs. Carter Read in the Scusational Chicago Trial. CHICAGO, May 7.—In the Carter divorce CHICAGO, May 7.—In the Carter divorce trial this morning proceedings were begun by Mr. Mills reading the cross-examination of State Senator Pearce of New York, who said he did not even know what floor of the Cooper House Mrs. Carter's room was on. He met Mrs. Carter about ten days after she went to Cooperstown in 1885. Mr. Pearce said his meeting with Mrs. Carter was casual, but he did not mean to say his social intimacy with her was no greater than with other ladies at the botel nearly every day, and he rode out with her several times. During the time she was at Long Beach he also saw a great deal

Ides quiet and thy clear eyes rest on me.
O'er crags and gulfs my path hereafter winds perflously,
And thro' blind thickets where no light

can shine;
Wild ways and strange for these young
feet of thine;
Thou raisest girlish lips all silently,
And my tears rise until I cannot see,
Ob, love, my love."
Not through fair gardens, not in level Nor man-frequented streets our pathway

lies;
Upward and onward lonelily it leads
By never-trodden heights to holier skies.
But darest thou come? Oh, brave one, my
soul needs
An answer. Will it come?
Friday night, September 30, '83.
Mr. Pearce admitted writing the poetry, last could not remember whether it was original or quoted.

A CHANCE FOR OFFICES.

Census Clerkships are Not Under the Civil Service Law.

The Census Office and its employes do not come within the scope of the Civil Service law, This was yesterday decided by Assistant Attorney-General Shields of the Interior Department, to whom the question had been referred by Secretary Noble. This is the first important decision of Mr. Shields. He bases his decision upon the law of Congress itself reviving the Census Bureau. It says: "All examinations for appointment or promotion under this act shall be in the direction of the Secretary of the Interior." This is held to vest in the Secretary of the Interior the right to decide whether any examinations for appointment or promotion in the Census Bureau are necessary, and if so how they would be made. When in full operation there will be 15,000 clerks in the Census Office, besides the enumerators in the field.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 7.—Thomas Smith, the colored cook, and Joseph Johnson, a colored waiter, on the Michigan Central dining ear Detroit, got into an alternation on the car in the Central yard this morning. Smith drew a revolver and shot Johnson in the head. Smith fied, but was captured and locked up. Johnson was taken to the hospital, where it was found that the bullet entered his head just back of the right ear, and the doctors say he will die.

Wausau, Wis., May 7.—Unless rain soon comes great hardship to farmers in this section will result. Woods are on fire all around the city. Hay meadows, crops and bridges have been destroyed in the western part of the county. Farmers and mill men in the country are fighting fire with big crews. The air in the city is filled with smale.

An alarm of fire sounded this morning for a two-story brick bouse at 2028 Fourteenth street northwest, owned by Woodbury Blair and occupied by Fitzhugh & Shute. The fire started from a coal oil barrel in the cellar ignited by a candle. The damage to the house was small. The damage to the stock has not been estimated.

Almost Entirely Burned Up, Hubson, Mich., May 7,—The little village of Waldron, near here, suffered a disastrous fire yesterday. Thirty stores and houses, comprising the entire business portion of the place, was swept away. A valuable stallion was also burned. The losses will reach \$60,000; partially insured. Only Three Buildings Left.

CLEVELAND, May 7.—A special to the Press from Lims, O., says the entire business portion of Beaver Dam, a town near there, was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning. But three buildings were left. Loss, 880,000.

A New Corporation. A certificate of incorporation was filed edsy for the New York Mutual Indemnity

GREENFIELD, I.L., May 7.—A severe conflagration visited this town yesterday. The entire east side of the square, consist-ing of good business houses was burned, entailing a loss of \$50,000. The fire was of neendfary origin.

3,000 Miners Ordered Out. La Saller, R.L., May 7.—At a faceting of the miners of the La Salle and Spring Val-ley districts, held yesterday, a general strike was ordered. This affects nearly 3,000 miners in and about this city. Peru and Spring Valley. The Chancellor's Budget Passed.

Lornon, May 7.—In the House of Com-mons this afternoon the budget recently introduced by Mr. Goschen, Chancellor of the Exchoquer, was passed by a large ma-lority Mr. Lawrence Latchford of the Baltimore and Ohio telegraph system, stationed at Eckington, was presented by his wife with a fine little daughter yesterday morning.

The Princess of Wales Laid It. Loydon, May 3.—The foundation atoms of the new hospital for women in the Euston Road was formally laid to-day by the Princess of Wales in the presence of a bril-James Peyton has sued Mary E. Peyton for a divorce charging her with adultery.

THE TEA WE DRINK.

OUR CONSUL AT AMOY SAYS THAT IT IS NOT PURE.

He Says That Americans Get the Worst in the World, Though They Can Afford to Pay for the Best. The Adulteration Due to Cupidity.

United States Consul Crowell, at Amoy, writing to the State Department, calls attention to the extensive adulteration of teas for the American market, and the poor quality of tea sent here. He says:

A large percentage of the Amoy colong is poorly cultivated, poorly picked and cured, dirty and adulterated. "Staff" it was called by the Amoy commissioner of customs in his last year's annual report, and he added that the staff "was alone wanted in America." This is, unfortunately, true, for nearly the whole crop of Amoy colougs—bad and often unfit for use as they are—are annually marketed in the United States. The American people are better able to use and pay for a good article of tea than the people of any other unition. I am certain it is not the tea-drinking public in the United States that causes this inferior stuff to find a market only in America. It is the greed of importers and exporters that alone makes it possible to impose this vile stuff, by excessive courtesy called tea, upon the American public. I have several times called the attention of the Department to the stuff called Amoy colong. I now beg to repeat my suggestions at this time, when all this so-called tea known as Amoy colong. I repeat my suggestions at this time, when all the last year's crop has been marketed and before the new crop comes into market, that it may not be thought I have any desire to affect the market, and then, by some occult means, imposed on the public. The law relating them from being dumped into the New York market, and then, by some occult means, imposed on the public. The law relating to the importation of bad and adulterated teas-into the United States is sufficient, if enforced, to protect the public against such spurious teas. Most of the Amoy colongs are sent hence to the port of New York. A small percentage goes to other American ports. Hence careful attention and honest inspection of these teas at New York would prevent their being imposed upon the public. Of the 2.862,859 pounds of this tea which this year went United States Consul Crowell, at Amoy,

MR. PARNELL'S CORRECTION.

Continuation of the Examination of the Great Irish Leader.

London, May 7.—When Mr. Parnell appeared to-day before the Parnell Commission he surprised the Court by stating that he wished to make a correction in the testimony he had given last Friday when he stated that he had intentionally misled the House of Commons in regard to secret societies in Ireland. Mr. Parnell said that in referring to Hansard's report of the House of Commons speech in question, he found that the remarks which Sir Richard Webster quoted on Friday referred particularly to ribbonism and ribbon societies, and not to secret conspiracies. "Therefore," said Mr. Parnell, "the statement I made in the House of Commons was fairly accurate. The facts are that ribbonism practically did not exist at that time." This statement caused quite a sensation in court.

Sir Richard Webster then proceeded with the cross-examination of the witness. Mr. Parnell said that he had never heard that 100 guineas had been paid for the defense of moonlighters at the Cork Assizes in 1881. If he had been asked to make such payments the witness said that he had never heard that those days he should have approved of doing so for the defense of the men if he had reason to believe that the law was being strained against a man. The general rule, however, was to limit such payments as far as possible. He remembered one case where such payment of money was sanctioned; the man was acquitted. In another case the witness reimbursed Mr. Harris, who made hinself responsible for the defense of the prisoner. At the same time he instructed Mr. Harris not to undertake like defenses in the future.

Damages for a Drummer.

The jury in Judge Montgomery's Court this morning gave Peter II. Hill, a commercial trayeler, a verdict for 8600 with interest against the District of Columbia. The suit was entered August 15, 1887, Hill stating that before he could sell goods here he was required under the law of the late Legislative Assembly, approved August 23, 1 871, to procure a license of \$200. He purchased a license from another traveling man. The regular license fee is \$200. He was on another occarom another traveling man. The regular leense fee is \$200. He was on another occa-don taken before the Police Court, and fined \$205 for having no liceuse, and had to another license at \$200. He was given

Fine Horsetlesh Burned

Paris, Kv., May 7.—Captain T. E. Moore's large stable containing twelve valuable horses burned last night. The following horses valued at nearly \$60,000 were burned: Twilight Wilkes, Bourbon Bismarck, Bismarck Pilot, Johnson, Von Wilkes, two-year-old, Mike, Star Bismarck, Kentucky Hambletonian, Bourbon Mark, Lily, Perfection and Count Bismarck, Everything was burned, not a horse escaped.

A Mail Carrier Robbed.

Shawaxo, Wis., May 7.—Gottlieb Nauss, the small mail earrier, running between Pulsifer and Linwood, was robbed of the mail pouches Saturday evening. The passengers dared not interfere because threatened with death if they moved. The rifled ponches were all that was found by the party who scoured the woods for the thicf. The value of the letters stolen was about \$80.

A Mail Carrier Robbed

A Clever Scheme. A Clever Scheme.

Capillac, Mich., May 7.—Three unknown men cutered Metiovern's Hotel, at Lake City, late Sunday night and offered a s10 bill in payment for eigars. Medowern opened the safe for change, when the men sprang upon and overpowered him. They took \$1,300 in currency from the safe and escaped, leaving Metiovern insensible.

District Commissioners. The air is filled with runsors to-lay to the effect that J. W. Douglas, ex-Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and Jesse II. Wilson are likely to be nominated for District Commissioners. The bare mention of Mr. Wilson's name in this connection is already formulating a local cyclone of indignation throughout the community.

An Ohio Town Threatened. FORT WAYNE, IND., May 7. - A. mos astrous configuration is raging at Payne, Olfo. The entire town is threatened. Five engines have been sent from here on a special train. For Killing a Barkeeper.

Possible Hostilities. Bennis, May 7.—Captain Wissman's force, 900 strong, has arrived at Bogomayo, and active hostilities with the natives at

The Forest Fires Raging Still. East Tawas, Mich., May 7.—Forest tires did considerable damage Monday, de-stroying a large amount of fencing and several buildings.

A Good Reason.

SCARED HALF TO DEATH.

Everybody Says the Czar Is Afraid of

Everybody Says the Czar Is Afraid of Being Rilled.

Loxnox, May 7.—Searcely a day passes nowadays that does not bring press dispatches or private communications from st. Petersburg teiling of increased Nihiliat activity and a corresponding increase in the fears of the Czar for his safety. The Russian police have redoubled their efforts of late to thwart Nihilist plots and break up Nihilist haunts with extremely gratifying results, but despite the vigilance of the Czar's minions the conspirators continue their work undannted and the terror of His Imperial Majesty grows apace. This state of affairs is said, upon good authority to have so affected the Czar's health that his condition gives cause for much anxiety. Reports as to his physical and mental health, exaggerated periaps, but still based upon a visible change in his appearance and demeator, are current in London and represent him as having lost both fiesh and spirits to an alarming degree within the last few months. These reports are freely discussed at the clubs, and after the considerate English manner wagers have been laid as to whether His Majesty will fully recover from the nervous affection induced by the latest attempt at his assassination. Those who know Dvornitzky, who is held as the projector of the latest Nihilist conspiracy against the life of the Czar, do not believe that be has mamed, or will name his accomplices, as has been stated. He bears the reputation among his follows of being

believe that he has named, or will name his accompliess, as has been stated. He bears the reputation among his fellows of being an indomitable man, who took, of his own free will, what he regarded as the post of hence, as it certainly was of danger.

The lately published correspondence of Motley proves that Prince Bismarck is by no means indifferent to a joke and the risbilities of the grim Chanceller are said to have been hugely awakened by the desire of Queen Victoria to bestow the order of the Garter upon the Queen Regent of Spain, in spite of the historical dictum accepted for more than a century, that "the Queens of Spain have no legs."

LIBBY PRISON'S ACCIDENT.

The Train Conveying the Historie Structure Wrecked Vesterday.

M. OSVILLE, K.Y., May 7.—The train on the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad conveying a part of the old Libby prison to Chicago from Richmond met with an accident near this city vesterday and several of the cars were bally broken up. The country people catae for miles around to gather up brick and other relies. No one was hurt. Criticaco, May 7.—C. F. Gunther, one of the stockholders in the Litby Prison Company, was informed of the accident to the prison train yesterday. He said: "There can be no great daffage done. The building is only coming in sections, anyway, and the material is all in closed cars, which the company is responsible for. One car may have been broken open and maybe a dozen bricks stolen, but I don't think more than that could have happened, for the company would protect the property. Only a portion of the upper stories has been taken down so far."

BLOWN UP BY DYNAMITE.

An Unnoticed Cartridge Kills One
Workman and Injures Seven.

Ashland, Pa., May 7.—At 2 o'clock this
morning while some workmen employed by
R. J. Malone & Co., contractors, of New
York, who are engaged in driving a tunnel
from Big Mine Run to Dark Corner, were
drilling a hole for the purpose of blasting,
a dynamite cartridge, which had previously
failed to explode, was struck by the drill.
An explosion followed, instantly killing
James Kentzler of New York and seriously
injuring seven others. The injured are: injuring seven others. The injured are: Thomas Tretan and two men whose names are unknown of Honesville, Thomas Flynn of Girardville, Thomas Navin of Big Mine Run and John and Patrick Carroll.

A Big Fire in a Lumber Mill.

LUDISUTON, MICH., May 7.—A disastrous fire is raging at A. E. Carter's mill. Last night the dock caught fire from a spark from a tug which was passing. The wind from a tug which was passing. The wind s blowing hard and the firemen are having a hard time to save the mills. At last ac-counts 400,000 inches and piece lumber, and 200,000 shingles were burned. The schooner Dawn, which was loading at the dock, was slightly damaged before she could be towed away.

North Carolina Elections city was light, as a great majority of the negroes declined to yote or take any inter-est in the election. This was also the case at Asheville. In this city the Democrats carried three out of five wards, as usual, and also carried another ward which has always heretofore been solidly Republican.

commenced arming themselves for another conflict. They are determined to drive the priest out of town, and if he persists in re-maining there will be another fight.

An Esteemed Contemporary Scorched New York, May 7.—A fire occurred in the third story of the building of the Duily Commercial Bulletin, No. 32 Broadway, early this morning, Great damage was done to the files and records by water. The paper had gone to press before the fire oc-curred.

AT THE HOTELS.

A. in Pemista, Italy, is at Welcker's W. K. Krennen, New York; W. Lathrop, Philadelphin; Charles P. Huntington, Missle-sippl, and W. H. Underwood, Buffalo, are at Wornley.

C. H. GALLGHER, White Oaks, New Mexico L. P. Roberts, Jamestown, N. Y.; L. B. Kard, Jersey City, and J. C. Tallaferro and sife, Richmond, are at the St. James.

H. J. Eveneur, Indianapolis; D. S. Alexan for, Buffalo: James Barker, Milwaukoe; Mrs James W. Jackson and Miss Jackson, Plain feld, N. J., and Thomas H. Nelson, Terr Brube, Ind., are registered at the Rigg Lonse.

Ayno.

Hos. A. Q. Reassey, Newark, N. J.; Joseph T. Chirk and Mrs. S. B. Cooke and child, Elmira N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bostwick, Florida: George S. Bennett, Jackson-file, Mich.; Chirles Hatton, Indian Territory; S. W. Snow, Chicago, and E. Platt Stratton, New York, are registered at the Ebistt.

WHATTHE WIRES BRING

NEWS OF ALL SORTS GATHERED FROM EVERYWHERE.

The Work and Play of the Busy World Crime's Share in the Country's News-The Day's Doings East

and West.

New York, May 7.—The United States Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce resumed their investigation into the workings of the Interstate Commerce law at the Fifth Avenue Hotel this morning. Mr. Chaunery M. Depew told what he knew regarding the workings of the law. Mr. Depew said that the tendency of the interstate law was to give all the carrying trade to the larger roads. The smaller roads can make no money. All roads are oblight to publish their rates, and as they are not allowed to give rebates the large roads are the only ones that can compete for the trade. In explaining the relation of the New York Central to the Frie Railroad Mr. Depew said that each road was independent of the other, and that there was only an interchange of business between them. Furthermore, the New York Central Road has very little business with the Grand Trunk roads. "I have not favored the extension of the Grand Trunk lines in the United States. The United States roads are practically at the mercy of the Canadian road as to local traffic. They can fix the rates from Chicago and then recoupe any reductions by extra charges on goods passing over the Canadian portion of the line. It is certainly a matter of discretion with the Canadian roads how much they shall charge. They have an agreement with certain steamship lines whereby they guarantee them so much business.

lines whereby they guarantee them so much business.

Senator Cullom—Is it true that the Canadian roads make up their losses from their American trade?

Mr. Depew—So I understand.

Mr. Depew said further, that in his opinion, foreign roads, whether Canadian or Mexican, should be obliged to conform to the laws of the United States. The effect of the Interstate Commerce law has been beneficial to the public at the expense of the roads. It has also stopped the indiscriminate building of unnecessary roads by capitalists looking for investments.

Notwithstanding all its advantages, however, Mr. Depew's opinion is that the Interstate Commerce law will never be a success until pooling under some other name is legalized and the American roads are allowed to make rebates.

Satisfaction Demanded for Damage Done in Samoa.

New York, May 7.—A Herald special from Berlin says Germany claims satisfaction for the killing of the German officers and sallors in the action with Mataafa's men at Samoa on December 17 last, and compensation for losses sustained by German investors and owners of plantations. If, therefore, the United States will purchase the plantations owned by the German company, or if the Samoans themselves will purchase these plantations, payment being guaranteed by the United States, Germany will not make the slightest opposition to the installation of Malieton or some one of the minor chiefs. The other condition, equally acceptable to each of the three powers, is that the three collectively guarantee the neutrality of Samoa.

HIS TIME ALMOST UP.

The Crooked Ex-President of the Ma-rine Bank Will be Free Saturday. rine Bank Will be Free Saturday.

Athurn, N. Y., May 7.—James D. Fish, the ex-president of the defunct Marine Bank of New York, will be released from the State prison here on Saturday next, in accordance with the commutation of his ton years' sentence, granted by ex-President Cleveland. Mr. Fish is reported to be ingood health. It is generally admitted that he has no money, but will go out into the world again, 76 years old and penniless. He declines to say what he intends doing, but it is believed his friends will assist him to start in some business in a small way.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Stock and Money Market. days and 4806,480) for demand.
Governments steady; currency 6s. 121 bid;
4s coupons, 1291 bid; 4js. do., 108 bid.
The stock market opened 1691 per cent.
lower, owing to a weaker market in London for American stock. During the first
minutes of business there was considerable
selling by the room traders which caused
values to further fractional decline, but
after the first call an active buying of
Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe strengthened
the entire list, and prices advanced 4 to 14
per cent, by midday. At this writing the
market is dull, with figures slightly above
those of last night.

The following are the prices of the New York and Chicago markets as reported by special wire to C. T. Havenner & Co., 621 F street northwest:

Can. Pacific. 55; 55; Northwest. 107; 1072
Can. South. 52; 52; Omaha. 34; 34;
Cen. Pacific. 350; 35; do. pfd. 34; 94;
D. L. & W. 138; 138; P.M.S.S. 37; 37;
Del. & Hud. 136; 156; Reading. 45; 144;
Eric. 28; 28; R. &W. Pt. 26; 26; 36;
Jersey Cen. 96; 90; do. pfd. 80; 90;
L. & N. 68; 67; 80; Paul. 60; 60;
L. S. 108; 102; Tex. Pac. 22; 32;
M. K. & T. 12; 12; Union Pac. 61; 61; 40; Mo. Pac. 73; 73; W. Union, 86; 86;
N. Y. & N. E. 44; 44; Petroleum, 82; 82

821 85 May 11 79 11 80 82 821 June 11 60 11 80 785 783 July 13 75 11 90 1 ABD 6 85 6 874 341 344 May 6 85 6 874 341 341 July 6 73 6 90 351 351 July 6 73 6 95

Washington Stock Exchange. Washington Stock Exchange.

Miscellaneous Bonds—W. & G. R. R.

o., 1971; Masonic Hall Ass'n, 198; Wash,
farket Co., 110; Wash, Light Infantry, 1st,
62; Wash, Light Infantry, 2d, 63; Wash,
iaslight Co., 1244; Wash, Gas Serip, 125,
National Bank Stocks—Bank of Wash,
35; Bank of Republic, 185; Metropolitan,
40; Central, 210; Second, 1823; Farmers
ind Mechanics', 199; Citizens', 128; Columia, 137.

iggs, S. Gas and Electric Light Stocks—Wash-gton Gas, 41; Georgetown Gas, 44; U. Electric Light 68. Telephone Stocks-Chesapeake & Pota-

mae, 804.

Miscellaneous Stocks—Washington Market Co., 16; Washington Brick Mashing Co., 240; National Press Brick Co., —; Great Falls Ice Co., 160; Buil Run Panorama Co., 122; Real Estate Title Insurance Co., 1184; National Safe Duposit Co., 203; American Graphophone Co., —; Columbia Title Insurance Company, 55.

Slightly warmer; fair; variable winds.